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OPEN MEETING AGENDA ITEM



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AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCKET CONTROL

Arizona Comparation Commission

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BEFORE THE ARIZONA POWER PLANT AND

TRANSMISSION LINE SITING COMMITTEE

DOCKETED BY MV

9 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF COOLIDGE POWER CORPORATION IN 10 CONFORMANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ARIZONA REVISED 11 STATUTES 40-360.03, FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY 12 AUTHORIZING CONSTRUCTION OF A NOMINAL 575 MW NATURAL GAS-FIRED,

SIMPLE CYCLE GENERATING FACILITY

COOLIDGE IN PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA.

LOCATED WITHIN THE CITY OF

DOCKET NO. L-00000HH-08-0422-00141 Case No. 141

Arizona Corporation Commission Staff's Request for Review and Notice of Filing of Concerns Related to Irregularities in Proceedings

I. INTRODUCTION.

In the above-captioned siting application, a site tour occurred on Monday, September 29, 2008. Thereafter, there were two days of hearing on September 30 and October 1, 2008, before the Siting Committee ("Committee"), an evening public comment session on September 30, 2008, and a Committee vote approving the application on October 1, 2008. The Arizona Corporation Commission Staff ("Staff") became a party to the proceedings after filing an application for intervention. No Staff member or Staff attorney attended the site tour.

During the course of the hearing on September 30, 2008, testimony by the applicant's witnesses and comments by its attorney revealed that there had been off-the-record discussions between Committee members and the applicant's representatives and attorneys during the site tour held on September 29, 2008. *See* Docket No. L-00000HH-08-0422-00141, Transcript of Record ("Tr.") at 91:23-101:3. Staff Counsel raised concerns on the record about the possibility of Open Meeting Law ("OML") and *ex parte* issues related to the tour. Tr. at 117:9-15. After an off-the-

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record discussion with the applicant's attorneys, Staff Counsel was not able to obtain sufficient information to form an opinion as to (1) whether the OML notice was adequate, or (2) whether the off-the-record discussions complied with siting statutes and rules, including the siting rule prohibiting ex parte discussions. Tr. at 125:24-126:19. On the record, Chairman Foreman directed Staff Counsel to docket her concerns with supporting analysis. Tr. at 124:21-125:1.

On September 30, and October 1, 2008, the Committee continued to hear evidence and take public comment; on October 1, 2008, the Committee also discussed the application and voted to approve it. On October 6, 2008, the Chairman docketed a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility ("CEC") in the form approved by the Committee.

After the conclusion of the siting proceedings, Staff Counsel discovered that there had not been a notice and agenda that complied with the OML for the site tour, the two days of hearing, or the Committee vote to approve a CEC for the application. Moreover, the Committee proceedings related to the site tour did not comply with the August 14, 2008, public notice of hearing, the siting statutes, the Commission's rules related to siting hearings, or the siting rule related to ex parte communications.

Although Staff has no issue with the technical merits of the Project, the totality of the procedural irregularities in the proceedings have the potential to diminish the Commission's and the public's confidence in this record. Therefore, Staff files this Request for Review pursuant to A.R.S. § 40-360.07 for the Commission's full consideration and determination of whether granting the Project a CEC is in the public interest under these circumstances. Initially, Staff notes that the decision to approve a siting application has significant impacts upon broad public interests. For this reason, the integrity of the record is especially important in these matters.

II. IT APPEARS THAT THERE WAS NO NOTICE AND AGENDA FOR THE COOLIDGE SITING PROCEEDINGS THAT SUFFICIENTLY COMPLIED WITH OPEN MEETING LAW.

The Open Meeting Law statutes ("OML") apply to public meetings of the Committee. See A.R.S. § 38-431, et seq. The Committee's open meetings must be noticed and posted with an agenda

1 in a manner that complies with A.R.S. § 38-431.02. Although there was an August 14, 2008, public 2 3 5 6 7 8 10

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notice of hearing that was published and posted for the hearings in this case, the August 14th hearing notice did not comply with the notice and agenda requirements of the OML. See A.R.S. § 38-431.02. The August 14th hearing notice does not refer in any way to the OML, does not state that there will be an open meeting held by the Committee on the Coolidge application, does not refer to the hearing proceedings as an open meeting held by the Committee, does not set forth an agenda for the meeting, and most importantly, does not state or otherwise provide notice that the Committee will hear evidence, discuss, or vote on the Coolidge application for a CEC. See August 14th Hearing Notice, Attachment A. Thus, the August 14th hearing notice did not provide the required open meeting notice that the Committee, sitting as a public body, would take evidence, discuss, or vote on Coolidge's application for a CEC. In short, the Committee's proceedings in this matter were not properly noticed to the public as open meetings.

In a Siting Committee proceeding, the issuance and posting of an Open Meeting Law notice and agenda are under the purview and responsibility of the Attorney General or his designee, who by statute sits as the Chairman and Presiding Officer of the Siting Committee. Thus, the process of issuing and posting a notice and agenda that complies with OML is typically transparent to the Committee members and the parties to a siting application. In this instance, it appears that the Committee members and the parties were unaware that an OML notice and agenda had not been issued and posted by the Chairman as is normally the case.

Furthermore, there is no reason to assume that the Committee members who attended the site tour had any reason to believe that the tour was not being conducted in accordance with properly noticed protocols issued by the Chairman. In fact, at the procedural conference held on September 19, 2008, the Chairman indicated that he would be issuing an "open meeting posting" concerning the tour. Prehearing Conference, Tr. at 17:15-21. Unfortunately, no such open meeting notice appears to

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have been made. In sum, the protocol used for the tour would not have been inappropriate if it had been properly noticed in accordance with the OML.¹

In addition, an important point must be made concerning the OML discussions in this filing. Staff wants to make it clear that nothing in this record indicates that anyone intended to knowingly circumvent the application of the OML to the Committee's proceedings.

III. THE COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS DID NOT COMPLY WITH THE AUGUST 14TH HEARING NOTICE.

A. The August 14, 2008 Public Hearing Notice Prohibited Off-The-Record Ex Parte Discussions On The Tour.

The published and posted August 14th notice states in relevant part that

[t]he Committee may conduct a tour of the Project Site on Monday, September 29, 2008. The map and itinerary for the tour will be posted on the Project website. The tour will depart from the Coolidge Youth Center at approximately 1:30 p.m. Members of the public may follow the Committee on the tour in their own private vehicles. During the tour the Committee will not deliberate in any manner concerning the merits of the Application or the Project.

(Emphasis added). The notice also states in relevant part that

[t]hese proceedings are governed by Arizona Revised Statutes Section 40-360 and 40-360.13 and Arizona Administrative Code Rules R14-3-220 and R14-3-113.

And, the notice further states that "[n]o substantive communications, not in the public record, may be made to any member of the Committee."

Contrary to these provisions in the August 14th notice of hearing, applicant's representatives and attorneys discussed evidentiary matters concerning the application with the Committee members on the tour. These discussions occurred off the record, outside the presence of the Staff, and without a court reporter. On the tour, the applicant's representatives and attorneys discussed evidentiary and factual matters, such as the height of the stacks, size and mass of the project, and the project's

¹ As discussed below, the failure to provide for transcription of the matters discussed on the tour raises other issues under the siting laws.

appearance. See Tr. at 95:19-101:3, 118:17-124:20. The off-the-record tour discussions also included comparisons to factual information filed in the application, (Tr. at 122:8-123:8), as well as comparisons to a previously sited plant. Tr. at 96:11-101:3.

The hearing notice states there will be no deliberations by the Committee on the tour and that the hearing will commence on September 30, 2008, one day after the tour. However, the Committee heard, received, and exchanged facts and evidence about the application on the tour. Under several Attorney General ("AG") opinions, it is clear that the definition of "deliberations" by a public body is not limited to discussing or exchanging viewpoints at the time of vote. The "exchange of any facts relating to a matter which forseeably might require some final action" by a public body are by definition "deliberations" under the OML. Ariz. Op. Atty. Gen. I05-004; I97-012; I79-4; I75-8. When the Committee members heard and discussed facts and evidence related to matters stated in the application, they conducted "deliberations" as that term is defined in the AG opinions. If there were to be an assertion that the term "deliberation" under the OML is more narrowly defined, that assertion would appear to be dispelled by the unequivocal language in the above-cited AG opinions. ²

There may be an issue as to whether there was a Committee quorum on the tour and whether the OML applied to the tour if by happenstance there was no quorum. The transcript from the September 30th hearing indicates that there were five Committee members on the tour, including the Chairman. Tr. at 122:1-3. Thus, it appears that there was one less member than required for a quorum in attendance on the tour. Even assuming that the absence of a quorum eliminates any OML violation, the conduct on the tour nonetheless raises concerns as to fundamental fairness. As the Chairman stated at the prehearing conference:

What I would like to do is do an open meetings posting with this, so we will make sure - - I'm not sure that is fully necessary, since there will be no discussions concerning the merits of the application at that time, but out of an abundance of caution, I think it is just good practice to do a public meetings posting of the route tour.

² If the AG's view about the definition of the term "deliberation" is now different than that stated in its published opinions, it would appear that some public statement to that effect would be appropriate guidance for all public bodies covered by the OML.

Prehearing Conference Tr. at 17:15-21. In light of the Chairman's statements, the parties (as well as the public) had no reason to believe that discussions concerning the merits of the application would occur on the tour.

Even if the communications on the tour itself when viewed in isolation do not constitute OML violations, such issues may be raised by the discussions of the tour on the record at the September 30th hearing, which was not properly notice under the OLM. These on-the-record discussions about the tour appear to be serial communications as to facts and evidence related to the application. These communications were received and exchanged by the Committee members on the tour and then subsequently communicated to those members that did not attend. A recent AG opinion addresses serial communications and states:

[t]he requirement that the OML be construed in favor of open and public meetings leads to the conclusion that simultaneous interaction is not required for a "meeting" or "gathering" within the OML. "public official may not circumvent public discussion by splintering the quorum and having separate or serial discussions. . . . Splintering the quorum can be done by meeting in person, by telephone, electronically, or through other means to discuss a topic that is or may be presented to the public body for a decision. . . . Thus, even if communications on a particular subject between members of a public body do not take place at the same time or place, the communications can nonetheless constitute a "meeting".

Ariz. Op. Atty. Gen. I05-004 at 3-4 (internal citations omitted); see also Ariz. Op. Atty. Gen. I08-008 at 4.

Also, the hearing notice states that the Committee proceedings are governed by the siting statutes and the *ex parte* rule. However, again contrary to the hearing notice, the tour discussions did not comply with the siting statutes and the *ex parte* rule. Neither the public nor Staff had notice, actual or constructive, that the applicant's representatives and its attorneys would discuss evidence concerning the application with Committee members on the tour, outside of the transcribed proceedings and in contravention of the *ex parte* rule. Indeed, just the opposite was true. Relying on the notice, Staff and the public would believe that no such off-the-record communications would take place.

Finally, the off-the-record discussion on the tour did not comply with the last sentence of the notice, which states that no substantive communications, not in the public record, would be made to any member of the Committee. In direct contradiction of this statement, the applicant's representatives and attorneys discussed the application with Committee members off the record and without a court reporter present.

B. The Procedural Protections Embodied In The Open Meeting Law And The Siting Laws Are Not Limited To "Contested" Matters.

On the record at the September 30th hearing, the Chairman stated that no "contested" matter was discussed on the tour. Tr. at 122:22-123:8. OML and the Siting Law prohibitions concerning the exchanging and receiving of facts and evidence are not limited to discussions of "contested" matters by a public body. Moreover, in siting cases, no committee member could determine with certainty what evidence might be controversial or contested before the hearings commenced and public comment was taken.³ For example, in Siting Case No. 112 (Toltec project application), public comment raised the subsidence and water table issues that became significant and controversial points in that proceeding. In fact, the Toltec application was eventually denied in substantial part based upon those issues. See Decision No. 64446, Docket No. L00000Y-01-0112, (Feb. 6, 2001).

C. <u>The Off-The-Record Evidence Was Significant To The Committee's Consideration Of The Application.</u>

The impact on the site of the Project's size, height, mass, position, and appearance are essential points in the Committee's evaluation of the environmental factors. *See* A.R.S. § 40-360.06. The siting rules require this information in the application. *See* A.A.C. R14-3-219. In Siting Case No. 105 (SRP's Santan project application), largely as a result of the public's concern related to height and size issues, the CEC plant site approval was conditioned upon substantial mitigation of visual impacts. *See* Decision No.63611, Docket No. L00000B-00-0105, (May 1, 2001).

³ In this case, the site tour occurred on September 29, 2008. The public comment session did not occur until the evening of the next day, September 30, 2008.

1 2 3	IV. EVEN IF THE AUGUST 14 TH HEARING NOTICE HAD NOT EXPLICITLY PROHIBITED OFF-THE-RECORD <i>EX PARTE</i> DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN THE APPLICANT'S REPRESNTATIVES AND THE COMMITTEE MEMBERS ON THE TOUR, THE SITING LAWS PROHIBITED THE DISCUSSIONS.
4 5	A. The Off-The-Record Discussions Conducted During The Site Tour Did Not Comply With The Siting Statute Governing Proceedings Before The Siting Committee.
6	A.R.S. § 40-360.04.C states:
7 8	The committee or hearing officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence and comments of
9 10	the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant, and the committee or hearing officer may require the consolidation of the representation of nongovernmental parties having similar interests.
11	Similar interests.
12	(Emphasis added). This statute speaks for itself. It prohibits the Committee from hearing evidence
13	and comments by the parties that are not under oath and that are not transcribed by a court reporter.
14	The site tour discussions did not comply with this statute.
15	B. The Off-The-Record Discussions Conducted During The Site Tour Did Not Comply With Siting Rules Governing Proceedings Before The Siting Committee.
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16 17 18	Comply With Siting Rules Governing Proceedings Before The Siting Committee.
16 17 18 19	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant.
16	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant. (Emphasis added). This rule prohibits the Committee from hearing evidence and comments by the
16 17 18 19 20	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant.
116 117 118 119 20 21	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant. (Emphasis added). This rule prohibits the Committee from hearing evidence and comments by the parties that are not under oath and that are not transcribed by a court reporter. The site tour discussions did not comply with this rule.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant. (Emphasis added). This rule prohibits the Committee from hearing evidence and comments by the parties that are not under oath and that are not transcribed by a court reporter. The site tour
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant. (Emphasis added). This rule prohibits the Committee from hearing evidence and comments by the parties that are not under oath and that are not transcribed by a court reporter. The site tour discussions did not comply with this rule. C. The Off-The-Record Discussions Conducted On The Site Tour Did Not Comply
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	A.A.C. R14-3-208.D states: The Presiding Officer shall receive under oath and before a court reporter the material, nonrepetitive evidence, and comments of the parties to the proceedings and any rebuttal evidence of the applicant. (Emphasis added). This rule prohibits the Committee from hearing evidence and comments by the parties that are not under oath and that are not transcribed by a court reporter. The site tour discussions did not comply with this rule. C. The Off-The-Record Discussions Conducted On The Site Tour Did Not Comply With The Siting Committee's Ex Parte Rule.

possibility of prejudice, real or apparent, to the public interest in proceedings before the Siting Committee.

- B. Application. The provisions of this rule apply from the time a notice of siting hearing is published pursuant to R14-3-208(A).
- C. Prohibitions.
 - 1. No person shall make or cause to be made an oral or written communication, not on the public record, concerning the substantive merits of siting hearing to member of the Siting Committee involved in the decision-making process for that siting hearing.
 - 2. No member of the Siting Committee shall request, entertain, or consider an unauthorized communication concerning the merits of a siting hearing.
 - 3. The provisions of this rule shall not prohibit:
 - a. Communications regarding procedural matters;
 - b. Communications regarding any other proceedings;
 - c. Intra-agency or non-party communications regarding purely technical and legal matters.

D. Remedy.

- 1. A member of the Siting Committee who receives an oral or written offer of any communication prohibited by this rule must decline to receive such communication and will explain that the hearing is pending for determination and that all communication regarding it must be made on the public record. If unsuccessful in preventing such communications, the recipient will advise the communicator that the communication will not be considered, a brief signed statement setting forth the substance of the communication and the circumstances under which it was made, will be prepared, and the statement will be filed in the public record of the siting hearing.
- 2. Any person affected by an unauthorized communication will have an opportunity to rebut on the record any facts or contentions contained in the communication.

3. If a party to a contested siting hearing makes an unauthorized communication, the party may be required to show cause why its claim or interest in the siting hearing should not be dismissed, denied, disregarded, or otherwise adversely affected on account of such violation.

This rule speaks for itself as to its effect and purpose. In relevant part, it prohibits the parties to a siting proceeding and Committee members from discussing a pending matter off the record outside the presence of another party to the proceeding. The site tour discussions did not comply with this rule.

V. DUE PROCESS.

Under the siting statutes, the siting process includes an evidentiary hearing before the Committee. See A.R.S. § 40-360.04. The Committee evaluates the proposed project in light of the environmental factors identified in A.R.S. § 40-360.06 and makes its decision on the application. The Commission then considers the Committee's evidentiary record and the Committee's decision, and determines whether to grant or deny a CEC to the applicant by balancing the need for the project with its impact on the environment. See A.R.S. § 40-360.07.

In light of the irregularities described above, it could be asserted that fundamental due process was not afforded to the public, thereby undermining both the public interest and the Commission's confidence in the Siting Committee's record, which is the evidentiary basis for the Commission's ultimate decision. Projects of this type have the potential to significantly impact the environment and ecology of Arizona, and should therefore be subject to high standards of scrutiny.

VI. RATIFICATION OF THE COOLIDGE SITING PROCEEDINGS.

Any legal action by a public body that does not comply with the OML is void unless ratified pursuant to A.R.S. § 38-431.05.B. The Chairman has, however, issued an open meeting notice and agenda to provide an opportunity for the Committee to consider ratification pursuant to OML of its approval of the CEC. Notice and Agenda for Ratification, Attachment B. The Committee ratification proceedings are scheduled for October 30, 2008 in Coolidge, Arizona.

The Committee could choose to pursue ratification and vote to approve the CEC by ratifying its earlier vote. However, that is not the only possible outcome of further proceedings. The majority of the Committee may vote not to ratify the previous approval.

Whatever the outcome, the matter will then come before the Commission. Under the statutory siting process, the Commission has the ultimate authority to grant or deny Coolidge a CEC based upon the evidentiary record transmitted by the Committee. The Commission may determine that the irregularities in the proceedings before the Committee diminish the integrity of the record, and the Commission may elect to deny the CEC in order to protect the public interest. On the other hand, the Commission could determine that the ratification process has ameliorated the OML and other procedural irregularities, and may vote to grant the applicant a CEC.

VII. CONCLUSION.

Staff is not bringing this Request for Review based upon any technical aspects of the Project. In its analysis, Staff concluded that approval of the Project is appropriate on the merits. However, the procedural irregularities presented by this record are not insubstantial, and Staff believes that it is important to bring these matters to the Commission's attention in a request for review. Siting power plants and transmission lines is a difficult task, and projects that are sited cannot be easily removed from the Arizona landscape. Because the environment and the ecology of the state is significantly impacted by each sited project, protection of the public concern is paramount. In light of that public concern, it is important that the Commission be aware of the totality of the record when it makes its decision in this matter.

Respectfully Submitted this 21st Day of October, 2008.

Junue M Hward

Chief Counsel, Legal Division

1	Original and twenty-five (25) copies of the foregoing filed this
2	21st day of October, 2008 with:
3	Docket Control Arizona Corporation Commission
4	1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007
5	Thomas, Thizona 65 007
6	Copies of the foregoing mailed this 21st day of
7	October, 2008 to:
8	Jay I. Moyes MOYES STOREY, LTD.
9	1850 N. Central Avenue Suite 1100
10	Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0001
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12	2. Osorio
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ATTACHMENT A

ORIGINAL

BEFORE THE ARIZONA POWER PLANT AND TRANSMISSION LINE SITING COMMITTEE

In the matter of the Application of Coolidge
Power Corporation in conformance with the requirements of Arizona Revised Statutes 40-360.03 and 40-360.06 for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility authorizing the Coolidge Generating Station, a nominal 575 MW natural gas-fired, simple cycle generating facility located within the City of Coolidge in Pinal County, Arizona.

NOTICE OF HEARING

Docket No. L-00000HH-08-0422-00141

Docket No. L-00000HH-08-0422-00141

Docket No. L-00000HH-08-0422-00141

A PUBLIC HEARING WILL BE HELD before the Arizona Power Plant and Transmission Line Siting Committee ("Committee") regarding the Application of Coolidge Power Corporation ("Applicant") for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility authorizing the Coolidge Generating Station, a nominal 575 MW natural gas-fired, simple cycle electric generating facility ("Project"). The hearing will be held at the Coolidge Youth Center, 660 South Main Street, Coolidge, AZ 85228 and will begin on Tuesday, September 30, 2008, at 9:00 a.m. and Wednesday, October 1, 2008, at 9:00 a.m. The hearing will adjourn at approximately 5:00 p.m. on each day, unless the proceedings conclude earlier in the day. Additional hearings, if necessary, will be noticed on the Project website at http://www.transcanada.com/coolidge and on the Arizona Corporation Commission's ("ACC") website at:

http://www.azcc.gov/AZ Power Plant/LineSiting-Calendar.asp (the address contains two underscores as follows AZ_Power_Plant).

The Committee may conduct a tour of the Project Site on Monday, September 29, 2008. The map and itinerary for the tour will be posted on the Project website. The tour will depart from the Coolidge Youth Center at approximately 1:30 p.m. Members of the public may follow the Committee on the tour in their own private vehicles. During the tour the Committee will not deliberate in any manner concerning the merits of the Application or the Project.

PUBLIC COMMENT WILL BE TAKEN AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH HEARING DAY. PUBLIC COMMENT WILL ALSO BE TAKEN IN A SPECIAL EVENING SESSION ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 BEGINNING AT 7:00 P.M., AT THE COOLIDGE YOUTH CENTER, 660 SOUTH MAIN STREET, COOLIDGE, ARIZONA 85228. Any interested member of the public may appear and present public comment during any of the times allotted for public comment noted above. A person may be limited to a single opportunity, and/or to a limited amount of time, to present comments, at the discretion of the Chairman of the Committee.

Any person may make a limited appearance at the hearing by filing a written statement with the Director of Utilities, Arizona Corporation Commission, 1200 West Washington, Phoenix, Arizona 85007, not less than five days before the date set for hearing. A person making a limited appearance or presenting oral comment shall not be a party to this proceeding nor have the right to present testimony or cross-examine witnesses. Any organization or individual wishing to qualify to be a party to this proceeding must comply with Arizona Revised Statutes Section 40-360.05 and Rule 14-3-204 of the Arizona Administrative Code. Members of the public may obtain copies of these provisions by contacting the Commission's Consumer Services Section at 1-800-222-7000 or 602-542-4251.

The Project consists of the construction of a natural gas fired, simple-cycle power plant. The Project will include 12 General Electric (GE) LM6000 PC SPRINT NxGen combustion turbine generators. Each generator unit will be capable of operating independent of the other units, allowing the Project to efficiently produce an aggregate generating output ranging from approximately 25 MW up to approximately 575 MW, at prescribed ambient temperature and humidity conditions, as needed to respond to peak load. The Project includes a short 230kV transmission line running within the Project Site to connect the generators to a new switchyard within the same Project Site.

The proposed Project Site is an approximately 100-acre parcel of farmland located in Section 10, Township 6 South, Range 8 East, G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona. The general location of the 100-acre Project Site is east of the Union Pacific Railroad right-of-way that runs parallel with and east of Highway 87, and south of the former Valero refinery facilities that lie south of Randolph Road, all within the southern portion of the corporate limits of the City of Coolidge.

The Application contains detailed information about the Project, and is on file at the Docket Control Center of the Arizona Corporation Commission, 1200 W. Washington, Suite #108, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 and at the Commission's Tucson Office at 400 W. Congress, Suite #218, Tucson, Arizona 85701. The Application is available for review at the Coolidge Public Library, and may also be viewed on the Project website at http://www.transcanada.com/coolidge.

These proceedings are governed by Arizona Revised Statutes Sections 40-360 and 40-360.13 and Arizona Administrative Code Rules R14-3-220 and R14-3-113. No substantive communications, not in the public record, may be made to any member of the Committee.

Dated this 14thth day of August, 2008.

John Foreman, Assistant Attorney General

Chairman, Arizona Power Plant and Transmission Line Siting Committee

ATTACHMENT B

BEFORE THE ARIZONA POWER PLANT AND TRANSMISSION LINE SITING COMMITTEE

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF

COOLIDGE POWER CORPORATION, IN

REQUIREMENTS OF ARIZONA REVISED

CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AUTHORIZING

THE CITY OF COOLIDGE IN PINAL

STATUTES 40-360.03 AND 40-360.06, FOR A

CONSTRUCTION OF A NOMINAL 575 MW NATURAL GAS-FIRED, SIMPLE CYCLE GENERATING FACILITY LOCATED WITHIN

CONFORMANCE WITH THE

COUNTY, ARIZONA

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Arizona Corporation Commission

Docket No.L-00000HH-08-0422-00141

Case No. 141

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NOTICE AND AGENDA OF **OPEN MEETING** OF THE

ARIZONA POWER PLANT AND TRANSMISSION LINE SITING COMMITTEE FOR THE PURPOSE OF RATIFYING A PRIOR ACTION TAKEN IN VIOLATION OF OPEN MEETING LAW

NOTICE: Pursuant to A.R.S. § 38-431.02 and 38-431.05, notice is hereby given to the members of the Arizona Power Plant and Transmission Line Siting Committee (the "Committee") and to the general public that the Committee will hold an open meeting, open to the public on Thursday, October 30, 2008, at 3:00 p.m., at the Coolidge Youth Center, 660 South Main Street, Coolidge, AZ 85228. Additional meetings as permitted by law, if necessary, will be noticed on the Project website at http://www.transcanada.com/coolidge and on the Arizona Corporation Commission's ("ACC") website at: www.azcc.gov/AZ Power Plant/Line Siting-Calendar.asp.

The purpose of the open meeting is for the Committee to consider ratification of a prior action of the Committee that may have been taken in violation of the Open Meeting Law, A.R.S. §§ 38-431, et seq. This action involved the Committee's decision to grant a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility ("Certificate") for the proposed Coolidge Generating Station (the "Project") upon the culmination of the public hearing held on September 30 and October 1, 2008, pursuant to Notice of Hearing duly published in accordance with A.R.S. § 40-360.04 and Arizona Administrative Code R14-3-208, in connection with which hearing there may have occurred violations of applicable Open Meeting Law requirements.

The public may obtain a detailed written description of the prior action to be ratified by reviewing or requesting copies of the Certificate of Environmental Compatibility, the transcripts of the hearings and public comment proceedings and all exhibits and filings comprising the entire record in this proceeding, Docket No. L-00000HH-08-0422-00141, Case No. 141, at the Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission"), Docket Control, 1200 West Washington Street, Phoenix, Arizona, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. These materials are available now at the Commission's offices above and will be available at least 72 hours in advance of the open meeting on October 30, 2008. (Note, there may be page limitations imposed on the number of pages that may be copied from the transcripts because of contract obligations with the court

reporting service. However, the complete transcripts of the proceedings may be reviewed by the public at the Commission's offices at the above address.) Some of these materials are also available on line at the Commission's website at http://www.azcc.gov/.

PUBLIC COMMENT MAY BE TAKEN AT THE BEGINNING OF THE OPEN MEETING. Any interested member of the public may appear and present public comment during the time allotted for public comment. A person may be limited to a single opportunity, and/or to a limited amount of time, to present comments, at the discretion of the Chairman of the Committee.

The Project is the subject of the Application of Coolidge Power Corporation for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility authorizing the Project ("the Application").

The Project consists of the construction of a natural gas fired, simple-cycle power plant. The Project will include 12 General Electric (GE) LM6000 PC SPRINT NxGen combustion turbine generators. Each generator unit will be capable of operating independent of the other units, allowing the Project to efficiently produce an aggregate generating output ranging from approximately 25 MW up to approximately 575 MW, at prescribed ambient temperature and humidity conditions, as needed to respond to peak load. The Project includes a short 230kV transmission line running within the Project Site to connect the generators to a new switchyard within the same Project Site.

The proposed Project Site is an approximately 100-acre parcel of farmland located in Section 10, Township 6 South, Range 8 East, G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona. The general location of the 100-acre Project Site is east of the Union Pacific Railroad right-of-way that runs parallel with and east of Highway 87, and south of the former Valero refinery facilities that lie south of Randolph Road, all within the southern portion of the corporate limits of the City of Coolidge.

The Application contains detailed information about the Project, and is on file at the Docket Control Center of the Arizona Corporation Commission, 1200 W. Washington, Suite #108, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 and at the Commission's Tucson Office at 400 W. Congress, Suite #218, Tucson, Arizona 85701. The Application is available for review at the Coolidge Public Library, and may also be viewed on the Project website at http://www.transcanada.com/coolidge.

These proceedings are governed by Arizona Revised Statutes Sections 38-431 et seq, 40-360 et seq, and Arizona Administrative Code Rules, R14-3-201 et seq, R14-3-220 and R14-3-113. No substantive communications, not in the public record, may be made to any member of the Committee.

AGENDA: The agenda for this open meeting is as follows:

- 1. Call to Order, and Roll Call
- 2. Chairman's explanation of the need for and purpose of the meeting.
- 3. Discussion and potential vote regarding consideration of the oral recordings, transcript, exhibits, the Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and all other docketed filings comprising the entire record in Case No. 141, all of which have been publicly available at the Commission since October 6, 2008, as the basis for the Committee's potential ratification of its October 1, 2008 vote to approve a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility for the Project.

- 4. Discussion and potential vote regarding exclusion of the September 29, 2008 site tour by certain Committee members and all references of record to such tour and/or communications by or to Committee members in connection therewith.
- 5. Discussion and potential vote on potential ratification of the Committee's prior action taken in Case No. 141 on October 1, 2008, to approve a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility for the Project.
- 6. Next Committee meeting date, time, and location if necessary, as permitted by law.

The Committee may omit some of the matters on the agenda and may change the order of consideration of the items as time and circumstances require.

Persons with a disability may request a reasonable accommodation, such as a sign language interpreter, by contacting Linda Hogan, voice phone number 602-542-3931, email: l.hogan@azcc.gov. Requests should be made as early as possible to arrange the accommodation.

Dated this 17th day of October, 2008.

John Foreman, Chairman

Afrizona Power Plant and Transmission

Line Siting Committee
Assistant Attorney General
john.foreman@azag.gov